E-waste Management Scenario in Bangladesh

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Country Status of E-waste

- No inventory has been made to assess the extent of E- waste problem Bangladesh.
- Total number of PCs, TVs and Refrigerators in the year 2006 was 600,000, 1,252,000 and 2,200,000.
- The total number of Mobile Phone active subscribers in Bangladesh was 58.36 million at the end of May 2010.
- Reuse of E-equipment is a common practice in Bangladesh.
- E-equipment recycling and dismantling is a growing business.
- No E-waste dismantling facility in formal sector.
- All the recycling is being carried out by the informal sector.

RECYCLING INDUSTRIES IN DHAKA CITY













- ■120,000 urban poor from the informal sector are involved in the recycling trade chain of Dhaka city
- ■15% of the total generated waste in Dhaka (mainly inorganic) which amounts 475 tonnes/day are recycled daily.

RECYCLING OF OLD COMPUTERS IN DHAKA CITY BY INFORMAL SECTOR





Legal & Regulatory Regime

- Bangladesh adopted its National Environmental Policy in the year of 1992 highlighting the regulating all activities that pollute and destroy the environment
- The Environment conservation act, 1995 authorize the Director General to undertake any activity necessary to conserve and enhance the quality of environment and to control, prevent and mitigate pollution
- Medical Waste Management Rules, 2008 addresses the waste management issus for the medical sector including E-waste.

Legal & Regulatory Regime

- No regulations specifically dealing with E- waste in Bangladesh
- Government already prepared draft National 3R (Reduce, Reuse & Recycle) Strategy and in that draft e-waste issues were addressed.
- Hazardous Waste Management Rules is under preparation and still time to incorporate E-waste management issues for proper management of Ewaste among others.

Legal & Regulatory Regime

- We prepared draft solid waste management rules which is now in consultation stage and still time to include E-waste management issues in that rule.
- Bangladesh is a signatory to Basel convention prohibiting trans-boundary movement of hazardous waste.
- Import of any kind of waste requires Government permission.

NEXT STEPS

- Inventory of E-waste in large cities of Bangladesh.
- Develop E-waste policy & guideline with consultation with the relevant stakeholders.
- Establish efficient collection system at least for selected electronic waste.
- Registration and capacity development of E-waste recyclers.
- Introduction of Environmental Management System in E-waste sector.
- Establish E-waste tracking mechanism in order to update the inventory.
- Awareness raising.

Thank you



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